

Document Citation

Title On 'And the Ship Sails On'

Author(s) Federico Fellini

Source Publisher name not available

Date

Type press kit

Language English

Pagination

No. of Pages 3

Subjects Fellini, Federico (1920-1993), Rimini, Emilia-Romagna, Italy

Film Subjects E la nave va (And the ship sails on), Fellini, Federico, 1983

On "And The Ship Sails On" by Federico Fellini

"And The Ship Sails On" is my eighteenth film. I wrote it, together with Tonino Guerra, some time ago as I had to come up with an idea for somebody but I no longer remember who that person was.

After two or three days of vague chat and indolent familiarity we completed the treatment and screenplay in just three weeks. If three weeks sounds very short for a good script, just bear in mind that from the birth of the original idea for the story to the start of shooting the picture, three years went by, and I reckon that's bong enough to youch for the worthiness of the film.

Originally Gaumont were going to make the picture, then Vides, then Dino De Laurentiis, then Aldo Nemni, a Milanese industrialist in love with the movie business.... Finally RAI managed to get everyone to agree, except De Laurentiis, and entrusted the production of the film to Franco Cristaldi.

As has always happened to me for the past fifteen years, when I live too closely, too long with a project, I begin to hate it. I try to get rid of it, I don't want to do it anymore. That is the moment when the film actually gets made.

Now that "And The Ship Sails On" is finished, I can no longer say what was the original intention. Only the completed film exists; whatever I wanted to do has sort of faded out. I remember that at the time I talked of characters full of that kind of yearning fascination of the photographs of unknown people. I said I wanted to make a film in the style of the first moving pictures, which therefore would have to be in black and white, or rather, lined, with patches of humidity just like something out of an old film library. A fake, in fact, and this was what really captivated me because I think real cinema has to be like that. I no longer know how many of those intentions are still in the film because at the moment of shooting things always providentially happen as usual.

Perhaps this time I took allittle longer to choose the faces. I thought I needed the sort of faces that probably no longer exist, that have disappeared in time, yet

WARNING: This material may be protected by copyright law (Title 17 U.S. Code)

clothes are a hundred years out of date, that way of smiling, of staring at us with eyes lost in eternity, is trying to tell us the meaning of a story, the tale of allife lived. I therefore thought that perhaps actors from a different country, a different society, of different usages and customs, could better express this type of remoteness, of moving extraneousness. I think this is the real reason that in the film, apart from many Italian actors, you will see others who are English, French and German who are the more probable because they are playing characters from those countries. Surrounded by their photographs pinned to the walls of my little office in Cinecitta I felt the need to develop their stories, to go deeper into their relationships, to add friends, relations, new acquaintances and to invent new situations; in short to make the journey with them. Because the story is a voyage, a sea voyage, a ritual, that we imagine happened sixty years ago, at the eye of the World War.

I had my usual collaborators, and also some with whom I had never worked before like Maestro Plenizio who trustingly followed me, guiding me in a daredevil, and for me, exciting musical adventure. And Andrea Zanzotto, who as he did for "Casanova", once more gave me the pleasure of his excellent collaboration, enjoying himself, I believe, in composing lyrics for the music of Verdi and Rossini. There was one other friendly and stimulating presence on this voyage and that was Andrea De Carlo, the writer, who was on the picture as my assistant.

I shot for 14 weeks, with 120 actors and hundreds of extras on 8 stages at Cinecitta where 40 sets were built. I used 192,000 feet of film. The length of the picture is 2 hours which comesto over 10,000 feet.

Now the film is ffnished. Seeing it, a friend told me that it is a terrrible film. Perhaps he said that to make me happy, because I think that an author always feels flattered when he is told that he has done something that is frightening. I don't think it is. It seems to me rather that it is a happy film, a film that makes you want to make another one.

Federico Fellini

FEDERICO FELLINI

Filmography

```
VARIETY LIGHTS
 1950
       in collaboration with Alberto Lattuada
      THE WHITE SHEIK
 1952
     I VITELLONI
 1953
      L'AMORE IN CITTA (LOVE IN THE CITY),
      episode "AGENZIA MATRIMONIALE" (MARRIAGE AGENCY)
      LA STRADA
*1954
      IL BIDONE
 1955
      NOTTI DI CABIRIA (NIGHTS OF CABIRIA)
*1957
      LA DOLCE VITA
 1960
      BOCCACCIO '70,
 1962
       episode "LE TENTAZIONI DEL DOTTOR ANTONIO"
       (THE TEMPTATION OF DOCTOR ANTONIO)
       EIGHT AND A HALF
 1963
      JULIET OF THE SPIRITS
 1965
 1968 TRE PASSI NEL DELIRIO, (SPIRITS OF THE DEAD)
       episode "TOBY DAMMIT" or "NEVER BET THE DEVIL
       YOUR HEAD".
      FELLINI SATYRICON
 1969
      THE CLOWNS
 1970
       FELLINI ROMA
 1972
*1973
      AMARCORD
      CASANOVA
 1976
      PROVA D'ORCHESTRA (ORCHESTRA REHEARSAL)
 1979
      CITY OF WOMEN
 1980
      E LA NAVE VA (AND THE SHIP SAILS ON)
```

WARNING: This material may be protected by copyright law (Title 17 U.S. Code)

^{*}Received Academy Award - "Best Foreign Language Film"