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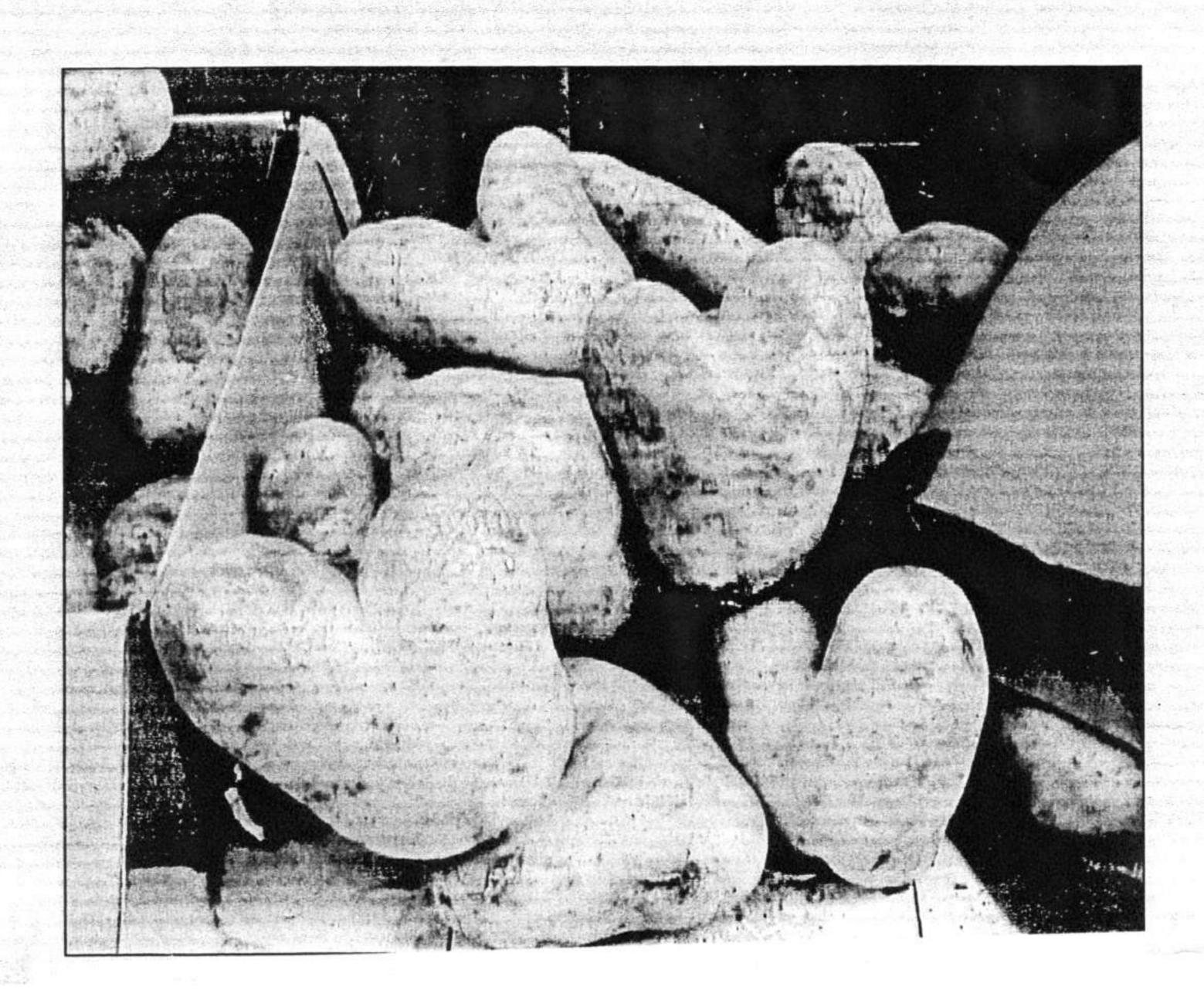
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Subjects Varda, Agnès (1928), Brussels, Belgium

Les glaneurs et la glaneuse (The gleaners and I), Varda, Agnès, 2000 Film Subjects

THE GLEANERS AND I

a film by AGNES VARDA



COLOR DOCUMENTARY

82 minutes (English subtitles)

DIRECTED AND COMMENTED Agnès VARDA

PHOTOGRAPHY Stéphane KRAUSZ
Didier ROUGET • Didier DOUSSIN
Pascal SAUTELET et Agnès VARDA
SOUND Emmanuel SOLAND • Nathalie VIDAL
ORIGINAL SCORE Joanna BRUZDOWICZ
EDITING Agnès VARDA et Laurent PINEAU

SHOOTING from Sept 99 to March 2000, in DV CAM and Mini DV, in various regions in France. Transfered onto 35 mm image and sound negatives (GTC laboratories)

PRODUCED by CINE TAMARIS
with the help of
Centre National de la Cinématographie
and of PROCIREP

and with the help of CANAL + which will broadcast the film in July 2000 (TV format 77 minutes)

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THE GLEANERS AND I

SYNOPSIS

Here and there in France, Agnès has come across gleaners, foragers, rummagers and scavengers.

Through necessity, purely by chance or out of choice these people pick up left-over items discarded by others.

Their world is a surprising one.

It is a far cry from the world of yesterday's gleaners, peasant women who rummaged for bits of wheat left after the harvest.

Potatoes, apples and other discarded foodstuffs, things without owners, clocks without hands are the fare of today's gleaners.

But Agnès herself is just as much a gleaner, and her documentary is subjective

There's no age limit to curiosity. Filming itself is gleaning.

DIRECTOR'S NOTE

This film is a documentary through its subject matter. It was woven from various strands -from emotions I felt when confronted to precariousness; from the possibilities offered by the new small digital cameras; and from the desire to film what I can see of myself - my aging hands and my grey hair. I also wanted to express my love for painting. I had to piece it together and make sense out of it all in the film, without betraying the social issue that is set out to address - waste and trash. Who finds a use for it? How? Can one live on the leftovers of others?

Films always originates in emotions. This time, that of seeing so many people combing the market place or rummaging through the trash containers of supermarkets for leftovers. Seeing them made me want to film them and specifically that which cannot be filmed without their consent. How can one testify for them and yet not hinder them.

During the wheat harvest in the summer of 1999, I saw on TV (but can't remember on which channel) a farmer sitting on top of his combine harvester. he was explaining that if the machine was badly adjusted, and left one grain on each stalk, he would end up loosing a staggering amount of wheat and an equally staggering amount of money.

This grain on a stalk struck me. It reminded me of gleaning in the old days, a rural custom which has now disappeared (for obvious reasons), and of the paintings of woman gleaning. I also wanted to roam around. To meet people. To seek them out.

Rather than a "road movie", I would say a

"wandering-road-documentary".

I first had to investigate in the rural world (gleaning and picking), and then in the urban world (salvaging), and I permitted myself digressions only indirectly related to the topic.

This is why are included in this film a winegrower who descends from the extraordinary Etienne-Jules Marey, the owner of a vintage wines who is also a psychotherapist, the anecdote of a couple who run a café, a class for illiterate adults.

I wanted to glean images as one jots down travel notes and feel free to show a funny dog I met on the way (why is it wearing a red boxing glove around this neck?). Or the Dard overflowing. Free to linger over a painting by Van der Weyden. To observe couples. But always coming back to the gleaners, trying to win their confidence, listen to them, converse with them rather than interview them, and film them.

My intention became clearer to myself throughout the shooting and editing stages. Little by little, I found the right balance between self-referential moments (the gleaner who films one of her hands with the other) and moments focused on those whose reality and behavior I found so striking. I managed to approach them, to bring them out of their anonymity. I discovered their generosity. There are many ways of being poor, having common sense, anger or humor.

The people I have filmed tell us a great deal about our society and ourselves. I myself learned a lot as I was shooting this film.

It confirmed my idea that documentaries are a discipline that teaches modesty.

WORK METHODS

Shooting, editing etc.

Thanks to the freedom granted to me by a production company I more or less control (Ciné Tamaris), I can start shooting for two weeks and then immediately proceed to edit. Meanwhile we keep locating new sites. Then we start shooting again and editing more.

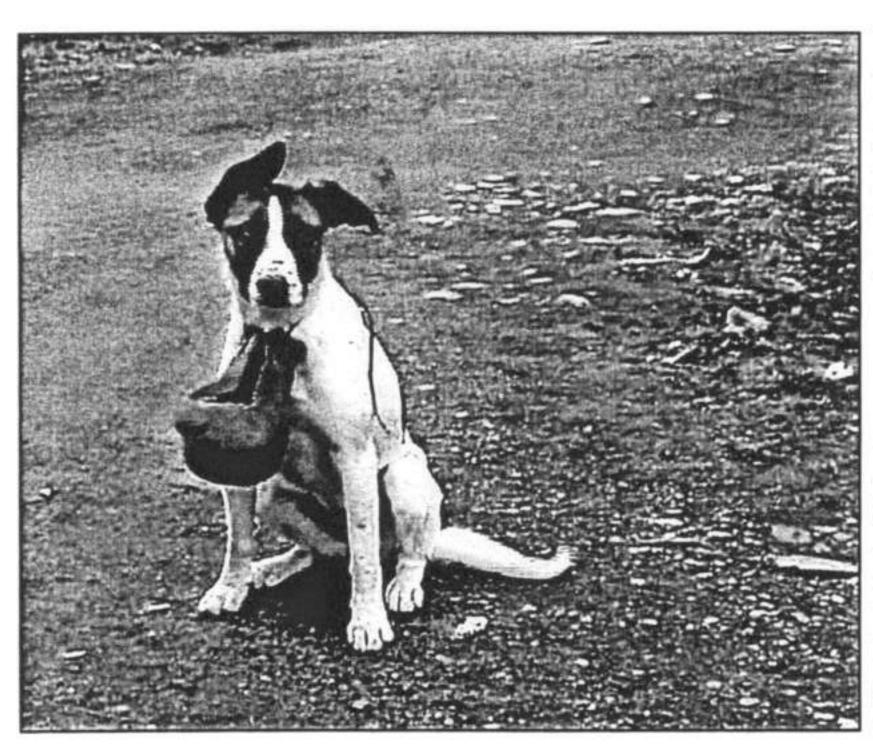
Then the commentary text is beginning to take shape, words give rise to new ideas and call for new images. New information comes up, new contacts. We then go back on the road again.

And comes the last editing, music, mixing and finishing touches.

The definition I gave to film writing (cinécriture) applies more specifically to documentary films. The encounters I make and the shots I take, alone or together with a team, the editing style, with echoing or counter pointing moments, the wording of the voice over comment, the choice of music, all this isn't simply writing a script, or directing a film or wording a comment, all this is chance working with me, all this is the film writing that I often talk about.

A.V.

TRUCKS and A DOG



While I was filming on the road the trucks I like or even capture with or without my hand, Léo, Manuel, Marina or Didier sat behind the wheel and listened to my suggestions. Or to my orders rather: "Slow down, let the two little cars go by, I'm not interested in them. Step on it! Pass the truck! Slow down as you pass! There, quick! I saw a tank truck!" etc.

Marjolaine was driving when we were coming back from Dijon and followed the beautiful trucks transporting cars. The chauffeur from the City

Hall of Angers was when I caught the painted eye on a mail order delivery truck, and Fanny was behind the wheel when I came across the dog with a single cocked ear and a red boxing glove around his neck.

Many thanks to my drivers and my driveresses.

A.V.

They say...



Du Bellay

We would see the gleaner Tramping along the way Gathering the relics Of that which is falling Behind the reaper...

Claude, unemployed, living in a caravan

"We are not afraid of getting our hands dirty, you can always wash your hands".

Josiane, who used to glean

"My mother would often tell me: "pick up the last bits, don't let them go to waste".

François, the man with the big rubber boots on

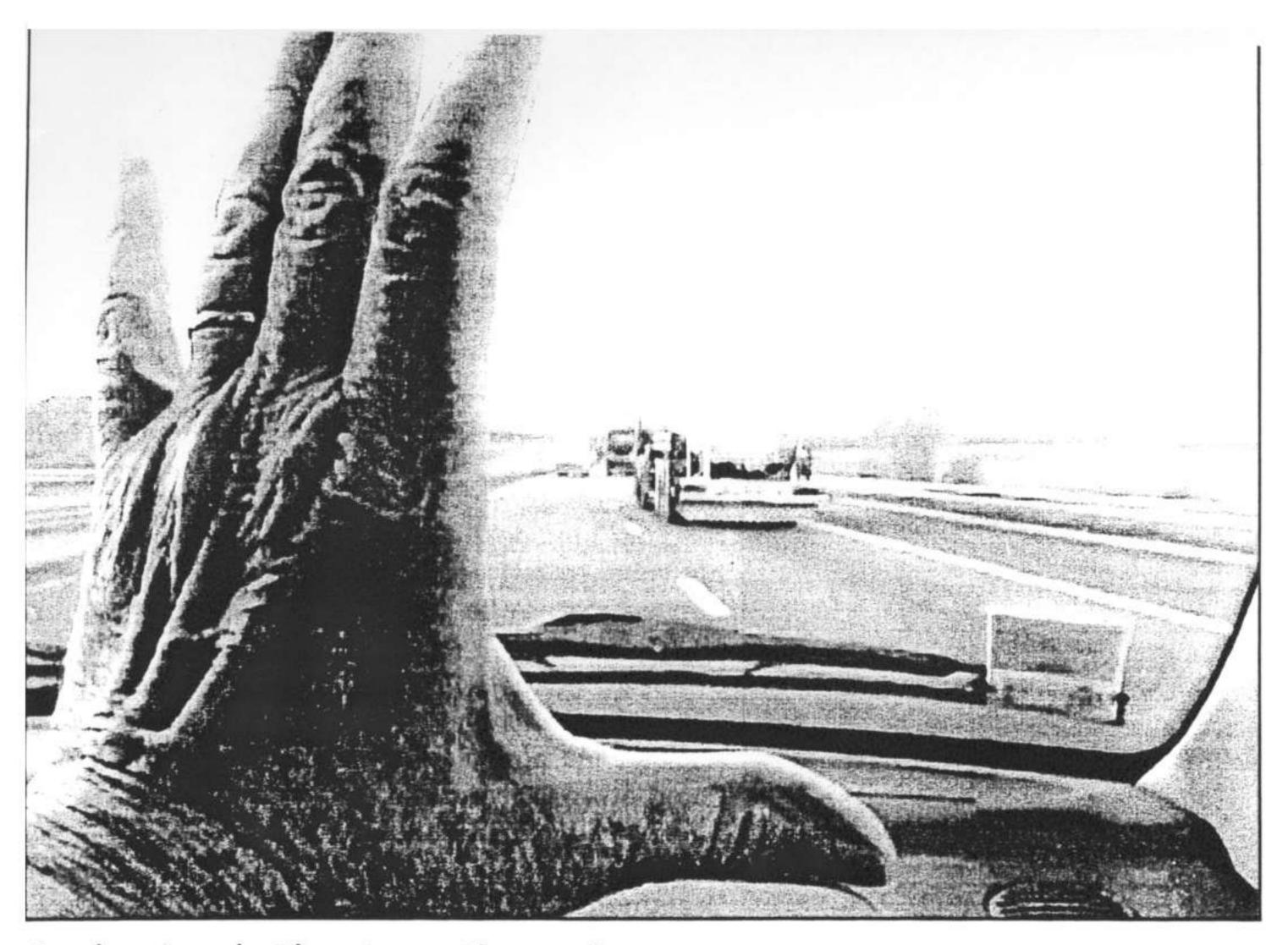
"I live 100% on things I retrieve from trash. I have eaten 100% trash for 10 years, I've never been ill."

Robert, a gleaner of many crops

"That's nature, it shouldn't go to waste.

To fill a whole basketfull, it takes us a while. Gleaning is not a piece of cake, it's hard work".





Agnès, gleaning images on the road

"Again one hand filming the other hand and still more trucks...

I feel like capturing them.

To try and stop the flow? No, just to play."

Salomon, a gleaner of food

"It's like a lottery. Sometimes you get good cold meats, sometimes fowl, sometimes both".

and of domestic appliances

I patch and fix fridges, and once the machine works again, I sell it, or I give it away to my neighbors".

Louis Pons, a painter

"It's small streaks that I pick up around, that I glean, and that become my paintings (...)

Skirting boards, frames, things like that. This is... a windshield wiper. But to me, they're just streaks (...) Horizontal statements, nothing else".

VR 2000, a gleaner cum artist

"All you need to do is wonder about the streets, locate heaps of objects and then help yourself like in a real department store.

It's like a present left on the street, it's like Christmas, these leftovers".

RURAL

Information gleaned on the right to glean

"The community at large has various rights on private lands: right to glean ears of wheat left over or forgotten by the croppers, a right derived from the Holy Scriptures and implemented by Saint Louis. This right was reserved to the old, the young, the sick, the widowed, couldn't lease their hands during the harvest. Right to pick grapes left over by the harvesters. Right to rake up dried grass. Right to pick up wild berries in the bushes,. And also right to graze, every other day, one's herd along the roads so as to allow for transhumance."

A History of Property, by J-Ph. Lévy (Que sais-je collection)



Mr. Dessaud, "our country lawyer" flicked through his books before coming in the fields, in his robe, to tell us about the right to glean. The harvest has to be over, and the gleaner is only allowed to come from sunup until sundown. See criminal law article R26.10. Mr. Dessaud found a decree in an old law book from 1554 which allowed the poor and the destitute to pick in the fields after the harvest.

The uses and regulations regarding gleaning come from even further ago, from the Old Testament, see, for instance :

Leviticus, 23, 22

"And when ye reap the harvest of your land, thou shalt not make clean riddance of the corners of thy field when thou reapest, neither shalt thou gather any gleaning of thy harvest: thou shalt leave them unto the poor, and to the stranger".

Deuteronomy 24, 19

"When thou cuttest down thine harvest in thy field, and hast forgotten a sheaf in the field, thou shalt not go again to fetch it: it shall be for the stranger, for the fatherless, and for the widow".

I asked Mr. Dessaud: "What about those who glean for the fun of it?"
His answer was: "If they glean for the fun, they need something to provide the fun.
If the rules and hours are adhered to, they can glean like the poor used to".

URBAN Information gleaned on the right to salvage objects

Res Derelictae are ownerless goods. Their owners' will has been clearly expressed: they deliberately left them. Mrs. Espié, "our city lawyer" commented on the Penal Code: "these objects cannot be stolen since they have no owner. People who come to retrieve these objects become their legal owners. They acquire this piece of property in an original manner, since they acquire it from no one. They come, take the object, and it belongs to them, irrevocably".

OTHER INFORMATION

ON TECHNIQUE

The team work has been done with the help of a digital SONY DV CAM DSR 300 and SENNHEISER 416 mike.

Agnès shot using a MINI DV SONY DCR TRV 900 E (3CCD) + mike ECM-77B by SONY, plugged into the camera (the cord is visible at various moments!) Agnès filmed 15 out of the 80 minutes of the film on her own. Editing was done on AVID X PRESS.

ON SHOOTING

The film was shot in the North of France, and in Beauce, Jura, Provence, Pyrénées Orientales, and in Paris and its suburbs.

Between september 1999 and April 2000 we shot for 29 days in teams, going on for 4 to 7 days at a go. And Agnès went on traveling alone or often filmed for 2 or 3 hours regularly, especially at the close of markets, between 2 and 4 pm.

LUCKY DRAWS

We never cheated when filming abandoned objects on the streets, or what the rummagers found in the garbage cans.

We really enjoyed the stroke of luck when we found a painting on gleaning exhibited in a curiosity shop. And we immediately filmed it.

A hotel among the olive trees. Its boss met Agnès 50 years ago. And so, he really helped us seek out people, introduced us to his friends at the Café du Centre and to Robert, a gleaner of many crops, the one who knew good areas for leftover fruit.

It was on the way back from filming leftover objects on the sidewalks of a suburb that Agnès stopped at the flea market, just as a man was dumping TVs and another destroying them. If the scene had taken place 10 minutes earlier, it wouldn't have been in the film.

AS TIME GOES BY

THE ABANDONED VINEYARD

Harvested by a singing family after the 1st of November - since after that date it is allowed - the vineyard in the hills around Apt has been dug out since.

THE MOLD on the ceiling at Agnès's, filmed with delight, has since disappeared. The roof terrace was fixed and the ceiling painted anew.

AGNES dyed the graying roots (of her hair) after the shooting.

TIME still holds its flow on the clock without hands.

ADDITIONAL CREDITS

Sound Emmanuel SOLAND

Sound assistants Raphaël SOHIER • Thaddée BERTRAND

Foley effects Nicolas BECKER

Mixing Nathalie VIDAL

Assistant editor Laure-Alice HERVÉ

Temporary assistants and trainees Léo VINDRY

Marjolaine GRANDJEAN • Pierre André GARCIA • Manuel IRNIGER

Friendly Help Jacques ROYER • Rémy BATTEAULT

Claudia IMBERT • Anne V. THAURONT

Post-production assistant Marina LOUBET

Production secretary Anita BENOLIEL

GTC Laboratory (digital, vidéo, cinéma)

Conformation NOTNEM

Sound CINE STEREO • AUDITEL • ARCHIPEL • LES TROIS ARTS

TDS stereo SR

Equipment OVNI

Credits EXCALIBUR • Subtitles TITRA FILMS

Press book Atelier PATRIX

Thanks to

Claude M. • Guilène M. • Marc, Matilde, Michel, Benji, Philippe, Céline et Cédric de Prades François L. • Charlie P. • Salomon G. • Alain F. ainsi qu'à tous les anonymes que l'on voit dans ce film This film pays homage to their energy

Also thanks to

Coopératives La Garance et Agrinégoce en Beauce Les Restos du Cœur d'Etampes • Foyers Sonacotra Trouvailles d'Arras • Le Café du Centre à Maussane.

And thanks to

Josiane BEGARDS • Huguette et Bernard JOUSSAUD • Michel LEGENGRE Eric GENTY • Nicolas ROUSSEAU • Edouard LOUBET • Raphaël DUBOIS Frédéric GAILLARD • Jean et Nadine LAPLANCHE • Me Raymond DESSAUD Alain GENDRON • la Famille NENON • Jérôme NOEL-BOUTON Me Martine SIROL • Claude GERARD • David GRANDPERRIN • Jean Luc DALLE Robert MASTRANTUONO • Me Brigitte ESPIÉ • François WERTHEIMER Brigitte LAURENCON et Julie SOLLY.

Thanks to the artists

Louis PONS • Sarah SZE • Bodan LITNANSKI • Gino RIZZI VR 2000 et Théatre TERRAIN VAGUE de Villeneuve-sur-Lot

and to the museums d'ORSAY • d'ARRAS

de SANNOIS et de VILLEFRANCHE sur SAONE

les Hospices de BEAUNE • la Fondation CARTIER • le Musée en Herbe les Musées E. J. MAREY and the exhibition MAREY from the Cinémathèque Française

PATHE CINEMA Archives • La Halle St Pierre Publishing

MUSIC SCORE

Joanna Bruzdowicz had composed the score for VAGABOND, KUNG FU MASTER and JACQUOT DE NANTES. I asked her to write a music theme for THE GLEANERS (and told her jokingly that the theme would be Aging-Agnès).

Yves CORTVINT (alto) ... interpreted this theme and the variations on it, such as the little fugue. We even did an electronic version.

Pierre BARBAUD did the twelve-tone music for LA POINTE COURTE in 1954. In 1964 he worked on a Bull Computer to compose the score for CREATURES.

I chose to borrow from his homage to Newton, Apfelsextett (1977), a music we often hear when filming on the road.

OCEAN This band headed by Isabelle OLIVIER has released a CD (Funny Streams) from which we borrowed beautiful moments, such Cinq à Quatre which she composed and a duet between Sébastien TEXIER and Nicolas KRASSIK.

François WERTHEIMER did the Jérôme theme for L'UNE CHANTE L'AUTRE PAS and a little ditty he was still humming along 24 years later.

He plays a little harmonica. He does it For Alain.

RAP - why rap?

Rappers are familiar to denunciations of injustice, racism and everything going wrong. The moment on those who rummage through leftovers from the market was sad. It appeared to me I had to express sadness and revolt with energy and rhythm. In short, with rap.

I suggested the theme and a few lyrics to two rappers

AGNES BREDEL and RICHARD KLUGMAN

But I still wonder whether it isn't more staggering to watch them in utter silence picking up food after the market has closed (since silence slows down one's visual pace); rather than join together with the rappers' rhythmic denunciation (which speeds it up)?

I also wanted to give credit to the Trombone Concerto by Luciano **BERIO**. I never managed to reach the rightful owners of the recording, despite BERIO's agreement.

GLEANERS IN PAINTINGS



Orsay Museum - Paris

Les Glaneuses, (Women Gleaning) by Jean-François MILLET (1867) Le Retour des Glaneuses, (the Return of Gleaners) by Jules BRETON (1859)

(ps: 12000 poscard reproducitons of Millet's paintings are reported to ahve been sold in 1998)

Arras Museum of Fine Arts

La Glaneuse (Woman Gleaning), by Jules BRETON 1897

Nantes Museum of Fine Arts

La Petite Glaneuse (The Little Gleaner), by Hugo SALMSON (1864)

Museum of Villefranche-sur-Saône (in the reserves)

Glaneuses à Champbeaudouin (or Glaneuses fuyant l'orage, Gleaners Fleeing Before the Storm) de Pierre Edmond HEDOUIN (1852)

Philadelphia Museum of Art

Les Glaneuses (the Gleaners) by Léon L'HERMITE

Amsterdam Rijkmuseum

Femmes de Schewinger glanant dans un champ de pommes de terre (Women gleaning in a potato field) by Ph. Saade

and other paintings and sketches... that need to be spotted.





Agnès Varda was born in Brussels, Belgium in 1928. Sometimes called "the grandmother of the French New Wave," she has been making films for more than 40 years.

FILMOGRAPHY

1954 1957 1958 1958	LA POINTE COURTE (89 mins) O Saisons, O Châteaux (22 mins) L'Opéra-Mouffe (17 mins) Du Côté de la Côte (24 mins)
1961 1963 1964 1964 1966 1967 1968 1969	CLÉO DE 5 A 7 (CLÉO FROM 5 TO 7) (90 mins) Salut les Cubains (30 mins) LE BONHEUR (HAPPINESS) (82 mins) Les Enfants du Musée (7 mins) Elsa la Rose (20 mins) LES CRÉATURES (105 mins) Uncle Yanco (22 mins) Black Panthers (28 mins) LIONS LOVE (AND LIES) (110 mins)
1970 1975 1975 1976 1976	NAUSICAA (90 mins) [Vanished] DAGUERRÉOTYPES (80 mins, documentary) Réponse de Femmes (8 mins) Plaisir d'Amour en Iran (6 mins) L'UNE CHANTE, L'AUTRE PAS (ONE SINGS, THE OTHER DOESN'T) (120 mins) Quelques Femmes Bulles (58 mins, video)
1980 1981 1982 1982 1984 1984 1985 1986 1987	MUR MURS (MURAL MURALS) (81 mins, documentary) DOCUMENTEUR (AN EMOTION PICTURE) (63 mins) Ulysse (22 mins) Une Minute Pour Une Image (170 two-minute spots for TV) Les Dites Caryatides (13 mins) 7P., cuis., s. de b (27 mins) SANS TOIT NI LOI (VAGABOND) (105 mins) T'as de beaux escaliers, tu sais (3 mins) JANE B. PAR AGNES V. (97 mins) KUNG-FU MASTER (LE PETIT AMOUR) (78 mins)
1990 1992 1994 1995	JACQUOT DE NANTES (JACQUOT) (118 mins) LES DEMOISELLES ONT EU 25 ANS (THE YOUNG GIRLS TURNED 25) (63 mins, documentary) LES CENT ET UNE NUITS (ONE HUNDRED AND ONE NIGHTS) (100 mins) L'UNIVERS DE JACQUES DEMY (THE WORLD OF JACQUES DEMY) (90 mins, documentary)
2000	LES GLANEURS ET LA GLANEUSE

(THE GLEANERS AND I) (82 mins, documentary)