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"HILGRINAGA" (Non. 1933) Directed by John Ford Scenaric by Fhillp Elein and Barry Connors, with additional dialogue by Dudley Nichel, from the story "Gold Star Nother" by I.A.R. Wylie; Camera, George Schueiderman; Assistant Director, Edward O"Fearna (Ford's brother); 9 Paels

With Henriette Clonman, Heather Angel, Norman Foster, Harion Nixon, Maurice Nurphy, Lucille LaVerno. Charlle Grapewin, Robert Marwick, Francis Ford, Betty Blythe, Hedda Hopper, Losse Carter, Jay Ward, Frances Rich, Adele Watson, William Lawrence, Frankoran, Jack Pennick, Si Jenks, Mary Gordon, Sarah Padden, Claude King,

I deliberately denit want to . y too much about "Filgrimage" since it is impossible o discours it is death without consenting on the story. Like bord's carlier "Nor gens", it is brand on an T.A.R. Mylie story, and would seen to be so full of trite coincidences and sentimental traps that even to outling the story would be to render it a disservice. Suffice to say that such of the plotting revolved around a kind of ritualised sentiment, which is perhaps second cature to Americans, and organised grief which is firstnature to the Erish (litness the tradition of wakes). Yet despite such a handicap, it works as one of the screen's most skilful tear-jerkers - and I use that phrase not in a derogatory but in a coldly descriptive sense.

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One of the joys of rediscovering a film like this is in not knowing too much about it and, given a story like this, seeing how adroitly Ford sidesteps the traps and how, in at least two cases, by simplicity of camerawork gives a majesty and poetry to scenes that approached the maudlin. Only once does Ford seem to stumble a trifle, this in giving in rather too enthusiastically to light comedy relief at one stage. This comes fairly late in the day, at a point in the heavily emotional story when a hint of comedy is welcome. With American tourists on a spree in Paris, Ford has too logical an excuse to let himself go and, as in "Four Sons", doesn't exercise quite enough self-discipline. But having let off steam, Ford recovers himself quickly and the film soon regains its not lost but sidetracked momentum. Not only is the film an outstanding fur-de-force showcase for Henrietta Crosman (although in a lesser role, old Griffithian Lucille La Verne gives her some stiff competition) but it is visually one of the most beautiful and evocative of all Ford films. Almost all of it a simple farmer's shack in the middle of a wheat-field, a brook in the forest, a railroad station, battlefield trenches and a highly stylised cemetery - is entirely studio constructed, creating the kind of romantic realism that recalls Eurnau's "Sunrise". Again, as in "Judge Friest", there are many visual echoes of Griffith. The realisation, during a storm, of the son's death brings to mind the almost identical sequence in Griffith's "The Greatest Question", while the lovely little vignette with the flowers at the railway station is a direct parallel with the classic homecoming scene in "The Birth of a Nation". One of the biggest surprises of all though (less of a surprise perhaps when one recalls "Four Sons") is that Ford, still in his 30"s and having built his reputation primarily on vigorous action material, should exhibit such an affinity

with, and non-dondescending compassion for, problems of the aged.

William K. Everson