

## **Document Citation**

Title Le pont du nord

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Source Soho Weekly News

Date 1981 Oct 20

Type review

Language English

Pagination

No. of Pages 1

Subjects

Film Subjects Le pont du nord (North bridge), Rivette, Jacques, 1981

res to the movie when he introduces it consider movie when he introduces it is started as night. He was much more helping through a stolen briefcase refers to the French it cal scandals of the previous seven ars, and that the final sequence takes place the very site of one of them (the costly gitternouses at La Villette that were built degranted without having been used).

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"April or May 1970," and in the paraphrase-parody of the Star Wars me that begins La Pont du Nord. "Long and far away/October or November that is, shortly before the French tions that toppled Giscard d'Estaing.

sionate, lyrical, sexy, eloquently acted, and haunting, but it won't give you any new thoughts or feelings, just a few nice embroideries on some old ones. For me, the main ticket of attraction is the sensual face of Fanny Ardant, sufficiently voluptuous at times to make me indifferent to what the rest of the movie is doing, or whether this works or not. Everything else tends to be so fleeting (absorbing and forgettable, like Hollywood)

a helicopter shot following a squad car, a rippled woman narrator relating the solution.

riptwriter Eduardo de Gregorio's Short emory, another enigmatic thriller about litical scandals that played at the festival in How can one interest an audience in mething real and concrete after snug mid-class fantasies like My Brilliant Career, Dinner with André, The Woman Next or? And how address these facts to festivoers who habitually keep their poetry d away in separate drawers?

me with a whole album of indelible images and uncanny encounters. Shot exclusively in Paris exteriors, it leads like a quixotic fairy tale from such enchanted moments as Baptiste putting her capsized motorbike out of its misery (cutting a wire to stop its motor the way a cowboy shoots a wounded horse), to Marie's encounters with Pierre Clementi amorous) and Jean-François Stévenin (policical), to Baptiste's weird "naturalistic" confrontations with a spider's web spun out of a Fiberglass sprayer and a dragon pereived in a children's slide.

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hermetic causality is constructed.

## JONATHAN ROSENBAUM

At a juncture like this, the New York festival splits into disassociated sections for me. One part furnishes a launching pad for a commercial venture that scarcely needs it, while the other is furnishing us with a tantalizing glimpse of movies that something called Commerce is otherwise steadily denying us. (Mutatis mutandis, the same can be said for the highly uneven collection of shorts shown with the festival features. It's hard to know when or if my own two favorites - George Griffin's Flying Fur, a wild burst of contemporary animation energy set to an old Tom and Jerry soundtrack, and Clare Peploe's beautifully shot comic English sketch, Couples & Robbers, about a middle-class straight couple and an upperclass gay couple and how their lives and goods interact — might turn up again, so I'm grateful to the festival for letting me see them.)

With Truffaut's Le Femme d'à coté (The Woman Next Door) and Jacques Rivette's La Pont du Nord (North Bridge), both New Wave veterans are giving us mixtures that we've seen in their works before. In the Truffaut, it is easy enough to recognize the tortured, repressed l'amour fou of Two English Girls and The Story of Adele H., the old-fashioned MGM romanticism (complete with lush score) of Adele H. and The Last Metro, and the giddy, leggy erotic rhapsodies of The Soft Skin and The Man Who Loved Women, in this torrid tale of adultery in Grenoble between neighbors Bernard (Gerard Dépardieu) and Mathilde (Fanny Ardant), who used to be lovers seven years ago, before their marriages.

The scarcity of Rivette's films makes their own precedents less visible, but these should nevertheless be acknowledged. Rivette is drawing upon the mysteriously fateful and existential encounter between two females which launched his Céline and Julie Go Boating, Duelle, and Noroît, occurring here between Marie (Bulle Ogier) and Baptiste (her daughter Pascale). In mystic terms, one might add that Marie's little red Plan-Guide de Paris neatly takes the place of Julie's book of magic spells in summoning up her shadow-double (Baptiste, Céline).

Equally operative is Rivette's explicit intention to bear witness to the sociopolitical texture of his times in *Paris Belongs to Us* and *Out 1: Spectre*, signaled in each case by an explicit date in the beginning: "June

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