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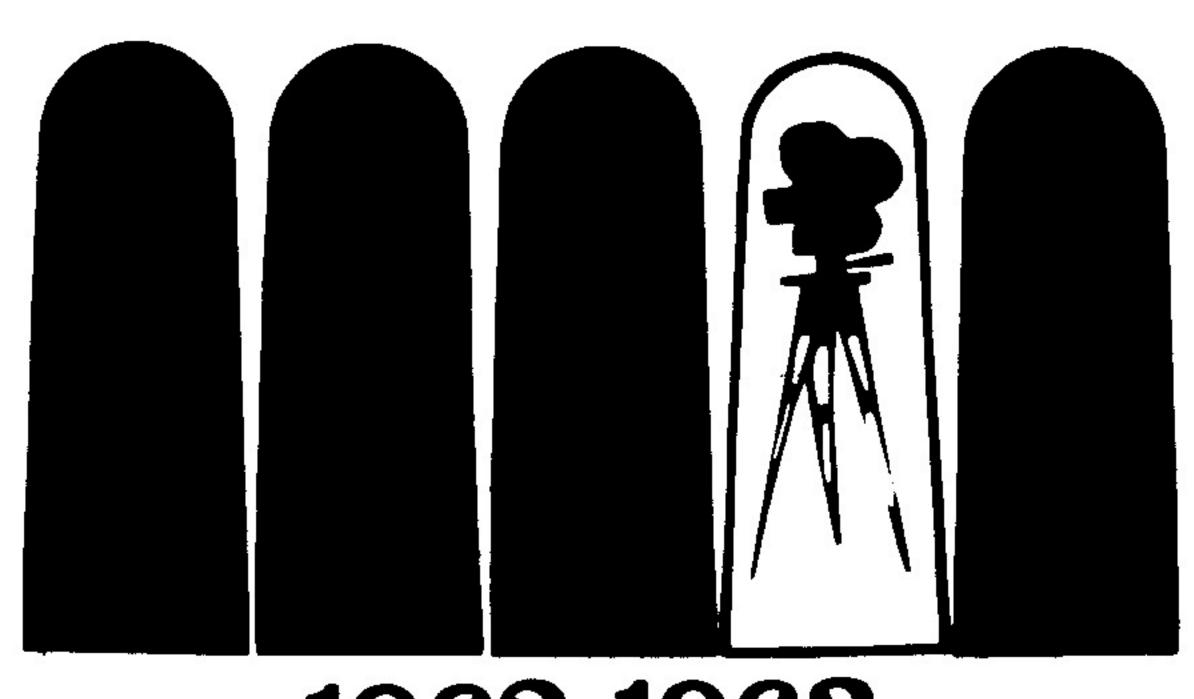
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THE DARTMOUTH

DAILY FILM PROGRAM

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MY DARLING CLEMENTINE (1946)

Wyatt Earp
Chihuahua
Doc Holliday
Old Man Clanton
Virgil Earp
Clementine
Morgan Earp
Thorndyke
Billy Clanton

Henry Fonda
Linda Darnell
Victor Mature
Walter Brennan
Tim Holt
Cathy Downs
Ward Bond
Alan Mowbray
John Ireland

Mayor
Kate Nelson
Ike Clanton
Bartender
John Simpson
James Earp
Town Drunk
Barber
Hotel Clerk

Roy Roberts
Jane Darwell
Grant Withers
J. Farrell MacDonald
Russell Simpson
Don Garner
Francis Ford
Ben Hall
Arthur Walsh

Screenplay by Samuel Engle and Winston Miller, adapted from a story by Sam Hellman, adapted, in turn, from a book by Stuart N. Lake. Produced by Samuel Engle for Twentieth-Century Fox.

Directed by JOHN FORD

One of the great stories of the American West is that of Wyatt Earp (1848-1929) and the battle at the O.K. Corral. This episode, plus a few others, served as the basis for no less than seven films: FRONTIER MARSHALL (1939), BADMEN OF TOMBSTONE (1948), WINCHESTER 73 (1950), WICHITA (1955), THE GUNFIGHT AT THE O.K. CORRAL (1957), THE LIFE AND LEGEND OF WYATT EARP (1960) in addition to today's feature.

Again, as with Billy the Kid, it is hard to separate fact from fiction, but the known life of Wyatt Berry Stapp Earp is not too complicated. He was born in Monmouth, Illinois in 1848, worked as a wagonmaster, a buffalo driver, a professional hunter, armed guard for Wells Fargo and finally ended as a police agent between the period 1874-1881 in Wichita and later in Tombstone, where the famous gunfight took place on October 26, 1881. He was accused of murder for his part in this wholesale slaughter but was acquitted and went to Denver. In 1898 he opened a saloon in Nome, Alaska during the great Klondike gold rush, and later opened similar establishments in gold cities in Nevada. In 1927 he possessed a mine in California and some oil wells. He died, in his bed, in Los Angeles in 1929. Three of his four brothers died before him: Morgan was killed a month after the great fight in Tombstone by friends of the Earp victims; Virgil died of pneumonia in 1905; James died in 1926.

The book on which the film is based was written in 1931 and is overwhelmingly in favor of its hero. However, the best biography by Frank Waters, published in 1960 gives the true, and rather less delightful version of his life.

His great friend, Doc Holliday, was born John H. Holliday in Valdosta, Georgia, the son of a major in the confederate cavalry. He studied to be a dentist in the East, then moved to Dallas for reasons of health. He soon gave up dentistry and became a professional gambler, and in one game he killed a young soldier and was forced to flee to Denver. He met Wyatt Earp in Fort Griffin, Texas in 1877. At Dodge City he picked up Kate Fisher, a dancer and prostitute, who became his mistress. He saved Earp's life on at least one occasion and the two moved to Tombstone in December 1879. After many adventures, he died in his bed of tuberculosis, his last words going down in history: "This is funny."

He has appeared in only four sound films, three mentioned above with the addition of Howard Hughes' THE OUTLAW (1943) in which he was beautifully played by Walter Huston.

MY DARLING CLEMENTINE is the perfect John Ford formula Western; one knows exactly what is to happen and it is possible to sit back and enjoy the predictable spectacle. Easy moving and charming as the film is, it was extremely difficult to make. Ford insisted on shooting on location in Monument Valley, where he had made STAGECOACH in 1939. The nearest railroad was 190 miles away in Flagstaff, and 500 people had to be fed and housed literally in the middle of nowhere. The budget ran well over two million dollars, an enormous sum for the 1946 period. When the location crew arrived, they discovered that there were no Saguardo cacti growing in the region, so they had to be constructed of cement and metal 50 feet high and shipped from Hollywood to make the locale look authentic. On one memorable March day there was a snowstorm in the morning, a sand storm in the early afternoon, a cloudburst three hours later and a tornado at night.

In spite of this, the film was finished and rests today as one of the great Westerns of all time. As the original New York <u>Times</u> review summed it all up, "The gentlemen are perfect. Their humors are earthy. Their activities are taut. The mortality rate is simply terrific. And the picture gets off with several bangs."

David Stewart Hull